Kathleen Hartnett White, Chairman R. B. "Ralph" Marquez, Commissioner Larry R. Soward, Commissioner Glenn Shankle, Executive Director



#### TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

September 9, 2005

Mr. Richard E. Greene (6RA) Regional Administrator Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

Dear Mayor Greene:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (commission) requests your approval of the Total Maximum Daily Load for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River, for Segment 2110, within 30 days, as required by 40 Code of Federal Regulations §130.6.

The enclosed Total Maximum Daily Load report was adopted by the commission on August 10, 2005. A public comment period and a public hearing were held on this report as required by Texas Water Code, §26.037 and federal regulations. During the public comment period, a copy of the draft report was provided to your staff for review. Responses to the informal comments made by EPA staff on May 26, 2005, are enclosed.

Upon your approval, the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan will include the TMDL for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River, for Segment 2110. Please contact the TMDL Program Manager, Faith Hambleton, at 512/239-4600 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Glenn Shankle **Executive Director** 

**Enclosures** 

#### TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY



A RESOLUTION

adopting a total maximum daily load (TMDL) for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River (Segment 2110) of the Nueces River Basin as an update to the Texas Water Quality Management Plan. TCEO Docket No. 2005-1209-TML

WHEREAS, under 40 Code of Federal Regulations §130.6, the State must ensure that State and areawide Water Quality Management Plans (WQMP) together include all necessary plan elements and that such plans are consistent with one another;

WHEREAS, under Texas Water Code, §26.037, The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (Commission) is charged with the approval of WQMP updates;

WHEREAS, the Texas Water Code, §5.122 allows for delegation of Commission authority to the Executive Director under certain terms and conditions;

WHEREAS, by resolution issued on February 18, 1999 (Resolution), the Commission authorized the Executive Director to approve WQMP revisions and updates;

WHEREAS, under the terms of the Resolution, the Commission may, in its discretion, choose to consider and approve or disapprove proposed revisions to the WQMP;

WHEREAS, the Executive Director has drafted a TMDL for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River (see Attachment A) and presented it for the Commission's consideration;

WHEREAS, the Commission finds that the TMDL for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River complies with all state and federal law and regulations and is consistent with all other parts of the Texas WQMP;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is resolved and ordered by the Commission that the TMDL for nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River (Attachment A) is adopted and shall be submitted to the EPA for approval to be included in the Texas WQMP.

Issue Date: AUG 1 6 2005

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL **OUALITY** 

Leen H. White





# One Total Maximum Daily Load for Nitrate-Nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River

For Segment 2110

Prepared by the:

Chief Engineer's Office, Water Programs, Total Maximum Daily Load Section

Distributed by the
Total Maximum Daily Load Section
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
MC-203
P.O. Box 13087
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

TMDL Project Reports are also available on the TCEQ Web site at: <a href="https://www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/water/quality/tmdl/">www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/water/quality/tmdl/</a>

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# One Total Maximum Daily Load for Nitrate-Nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River

#### **Executive Summary**

In 2002, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) found that the Lower Sabinal River (Segment 2110) did not support the 10 mg/L drinking water criterion for nitrate-nitrogen. The endpoint for this TMDL is the running annual average of at least four quarterly samples, compared against the drinking water criterion to determine public water supply use support.

Regarding possible point sources, there is one municipal wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) and one concentrated animal feeding operation (CAFO) in the watershed. There are no other known dischargers in the watershed. The City of Sabinal WWTF evaporation ponds are considered a source of loading due to the unknown integrity of their liners. Pond liner seepage could enter the river system, and would have its greatest impact during low flow conditions. Since the impairment occurs during low flow, nonpoint sources are not likely. The CAFO does not have a surface runoff input to the river, except under extreme rainfall conditions.

The load allocation is based upon the City of Sabinal relocating their WWTF out of the 500-year floodplain and upgrading it from an Imhoff tank with evaporation ponds to a facility with a mechanical screen, looped aeration basin, two clarifiers, and an ultraviolet disinfection system. The TMDL takes into account point and nonpoint source loading, anticipated future growth, and a margin of safety.

#### Introduction

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires all states to identify waters that do not meet, or are not expected to meet, applicable water quality standards. For each listed water body that does not meet a standard, states must develop a total maximum daily load (TMDL) for each pollutant that has been identified as contributing to the impairment of water quality in that water body. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) is responsible for ensuring that TMDLs are developed for impaired surface waters in Texas.

In simple terms, a TMDL is a quantitative plan that determines the amount of a particular pollutant that a water body can receive and still meet its applicable water quality standards. In other words, TMDLs are the best possible estimates of the assimilative capacity of the water body for a pollutant under consideration. A TMDL is commonly expressed as a load, with units of mass per time period, but may be expressed in other ways. TMDLs must also estimate how much the pollutant load needs to be reduced from current levels in order to achieve water quality standards.

The Total Maximum Daily Load Program, a major component of Texas' statewide water quality management program, addresses impaired or threatened streams, reservoirs, lakes, bays, and estuaries (water bodies) in or bordering the state of Texas. The primary objective of the TMDL Program is to restore and maintain the beneficial uses (such as drinking water, recreation, support of aquatic life, or fishing) of impaired or threatened water bodies.

This TMDL is meant to reduce loadings of nitrate-nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River in order to restore and maintain the public water supply use.

#### **Document Preparation**

Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) implementing regulations (40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 130) describe the statutory and regulatory requirements for acceptable TMDLs. The TCEQ guidance document, *Developing Total Maximum Daily Load Projects in Texas* (GI-250), further refines the process for Texas. Following these guidelines, this TMDL document describes elements which are summarized in the following sections:

- Applicable Water Quality Standards & Endpoints
- Public Participation
- Source Analysis
- Loading Capacity
- Seasonality
- Pollutant Load Allocation
- Margin of Safety
- Implementation and Monitoring
- Reasonable Assurance

This TMDL was prepared by the TMDL Section in the Water Programs of the Chief Engineer's Office of the TCEQ.

The document was adopted by the commission on August 10, 2005. Upon EPA approval, the TMDL will become an update to the state Water Quality Management Plan.



The Lower Sabinal River at the crossing of State Highway 127

#### **Background Information**

The Lower Sabinal River, Segment 2110, lies within the Nueces River basin (Figure 1). It is a tributary of the Frio River, which in turn flows into the Nueces River above Lake Corpus Christi. The Upper Sabinal River is comprised mainly of intermittent pools, and serves as a major recharge source as it travels across the Edwards Aquifer recharge zone. The Lower Sabinal River runs from a point 100 meters upstream of State Highway 127, one mile north of the city of Sabinal in Uvalde County, to the confluence with the Frio River in Frio

County. The watershed for the entire Lower Sabinal River is 222.4 square miles and is composed of a mixture of live oak, Ashe juniper, and mesquite, with grasslands and limited row crop production. During the 1980s, much of the area was irrigated farm land. However, in recent years, many areas have reverted back to native grasslands and brush, and are often utilized for cattle production.

The city of Sabinal is located in the eastern portion of Uvalde County in south-central Texas, approximately 60 miles west of San Antonio on U.S. Highway 90. It has a wastewater service area of approximately 760 acres and serves just over 700 customers.

The segment is on the 2002 CWA Section 303(d) list due to a nitrate-nitrogen impairment identified at a sample station located at the U.S. Highway 90 bridge crossing, at the uppermost end of the segment near the United States Geological Service (USGS) gage station (#08198000, Sabinal River at Sabinal).

#### **Designated Uses and Water Quality Standards**

The Lower Sabinal River is a classified Water Quality Segment of the State of Texas with designated uses of contact recreation, high aquatic life use, and public water supply. Texas Water Quality Standards (Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 307) lists a criterion of 10 mg/L for nitrate nitrogen, in order "to prevent contamination of drinking water ... to ensure that they are safe for human consumption. These criteria apply to freshwaters which are designated or used for public drinking water supplies" (30 TAC 307.6(d)).

State antidegradation policy states that "existing uses and water quality sufficient to protect those existing uses will be maintained" (30 TAC 307.5(b)(1)). Additional guidance on TCEQ's antidegradation policy can be found in the document titled "Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards" (TNRCC 2003b.)

#### **Problem Definition**

The Lower Sabinal River (Segment 2110) was placed on the 2002 CWA Section 303(d) list for nonsupport of the drinking water criterion for nitrate-nitrogen. The impairment was identified from samples taken at the U.S. Highway 90 bridge crossing west of Sabinal (Station ID# 12993).

#### **Endpoint Identification**

The Lower Sabinal River was originally assessed and placed on the 2002 CWA Section 303(d) list for nonsupport of the 10 mg/L drinking water criterion for nitrate-nitrogen. In accordance with the *Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* (30 TAC 307.6(d)(8)), the endpoint of this TMDL will be a running annual average of at least four quarterly samples, compared against the drinking water criterion to determine public water supply use support.

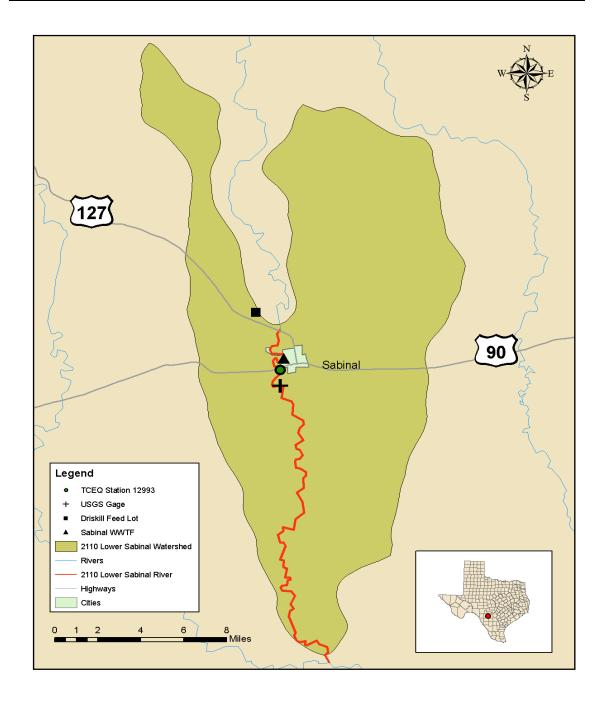


Figure 1. Study Area

# Loading Capacity — Linkage Between Sources and Receiving Waters

Nitrogen compounds, such as nitrate, nitrite, and ammonia, are common components of all effluent streams discharged from municipal WWTFs. Often, ammonia-nitrogen is regulated by a limit in the discharge permit. Also, nitrogen compounds are some of the main ingredients in agricultural and lawn fertilizers, which is why they are commonly found in storm water runoff from urban and agricultural production areas.



Oxidation pond at the Sabinal WWTF

There is only one permitted discharger upstream of the sampling station for the impaired segment. The City of Sabinal WWTF was constructed in the 100-year flood plain of the Lower Sabinal River in 1967. Since the original construction, the facility has been inundated numerous times with flood waters. Due to the scouring nature of these floods, it is likely that the clay liners originally installed in the oxidation ponds have since been washed away. The Sabinal streambed and surrounding soils are Conalb loam and have moderate permeability. This permeability would provide a conduit for seepage

down through the riverbed fill to the water table feeding the Lower Sabinal River. A requirement of the current Sabinal WWTF permit is to have the lining tested to verify its integrity. Without this certification, the WWTF is considered a major source of nitrogen input to the Lower Sabinal River.<sup>1</sup>

#### Seasonality

Seasonality does not appear to play a major role in determining nitrate-nitrogen concentrations in the Lower Sabinal River. Historically, sampling is conducted during low flow conditions (see figure 2). This is when the impairment has been shown to exist. This seems to point to an ongoing loading, even at ambient conditions. However, this sampling does not rule out the possibility that the impairment does not exist at high flow conditions. High flow sampling just has simply not been conducted.

### Margin of Safety

A margin of safety (MOS) is required in a TMDL to account for uncertainty about the pollutant load and its association with water quality. The MOS may be an explicit component that leaves a portion of the assimilative capacity of a water body unallocated, or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At the time of this writing, the City of Sabinal is securing funding to relocate the WWTF to a new location above the 500-year floodplain. The proposed facility will convert from an Imhoff tank and lagoon system to a system with a mechanical screen, looped aeration basin, two clarifiers, and an ultraviolet disinfection system.

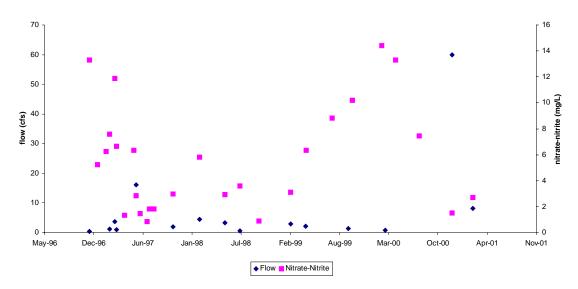


Figure 2. Flow versus Nitrate-nitrogen Concentration

an implicit component established through the use of conservative analytical assumptions (EPA Guidance Doc. 841-D-99-001).

This TMDL has an implicit MOS embodied in the endpoint identification. There is a margin of safety inherent in the drinking water criterion of 10mg/L nitrate-nitrogen. The nitrate-nitrogen standard has a MOS that was built into it during the development of the standard.

This TMDL has an implicit MOS in the allocation, due to the fact that total nitrogen (tot-N), not nitrate-nitrogen, was used in calculating the load allocation. Nitrate-nitrogen is a fraction of the components that make up the tot-N value. This conservative calculation further contributes to the MOS.

Furthermore, the calculated load allocation in the TMDL equation for the Sabinal WWTF utilizes the full permitted flow for the future facility under baseflow conditions. The probability of the WWTF achieving the full permitted flow is very low, based upon historical wastewater loadings from the facility.

#### **Pollutant Load Allocation**

TMDLs establish the allowable pollutant loading for each water body, and distribute it among the source categories that contribute the pollutant. The TMDL described in this section will result in compliance with water quality standards. Implementation plans to achieve the recommended loadings may select an adaptive management approach that achieves initial loading allocations from a subset of the source categories. An adaptive management approach would allow for development or refinement of technologies that enhance the effectiveness of certain management measures. Periodic and repeated evaluations of the effectiveness of implementation measures will assure that progress is

occurring, and may show that the original distribution of loading among sources can be modified to increase efficiency, while maintaining the objective of compliance with water quality standards.

The equation for calculating this TMDL is expressed as:

$$WLA + LA + AFG = TMDL$$

where WLA (Waste Load Allocation) is the loading assigned to point sources, LA (Load Allocation) is the loading assigned to nonpoint sources, and AFG (Anticipated Future Growth) is to allow for growth of the area, and subsequent pollutant loadings. The remainder of this section will provide the background information and calculations necessary for producing the TMDL equation.

Table 1. Flow Values

Critical flow values:	
A 7Q2 of 0.55 cubic feet/second (cfs) = $0.355465$ million gallons/day (MGD) $_1$	
Median annual flow of 1.6 cfs = $1.03 \text{ MGD}_2$	
Sabinal WWTF permitted flow of 0.25 MGD $_{\rm 3}$	

- 1. 7Q2 is defined as "the lowest average stream flow for seven consecutive days with a recurrence interval of two years, as statistically determined from historical data." The period of record used to calculate the 7Q2 was 1969 to 1999, using the values reported at the USGS station. This information and values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal WWTF permit renewal in 2002.
- 2. derived from United States Geological Service gage (#08198000) located near the sampling station.
- 3. The permitted value for the future Sabinal WWTF (current permitted flow is 0.142 MGD).

Allocating tot-N so as to keep instream concentration at or below 10 mg/L during critical low flow conditions will assure that the nitrate-nitrogen criterion is met. Use of tot-N contributes to the MOS in conjunction with the drinking water criterion of 10 mg/L.

The following calculations assume that background and typical WWTF nitrogen concentrations from QUAL-TX WLE methodology can be used to estimate those sources. For background nitrogen concentrations:

Table 2. Background Total Nitrogen Equation\*

```
Nitrate-Nitrogen = 0.2 \text{ mg/L}

Ammonia Nitrogen = 0.05 \text{ mg/L}

+ organic-N = 0.5 \text{ mg/L}

tot-N = 0.75 \text{ mg/L}
```

<sup>\*</sup>This information and values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal WWTF permit renewal in 2002.

And the concentration for the Sabinal WWTF discharge:

$$tot-N = 20 \text{ mg/L}$$

Calculations for critical condition low flow:

Acceptable load for critical condition low flow is:

$$(0.605465 \text{ MGD}) \times (8.34 \text{ conversion factor}) \times (10 \text{ mg/L tot-N}) = 50.5 \text{ lb/d tot-N}$$

Base flow background load at critical condition low flow is:

$$(0.355465 \text{ MGD}) \times (8.34 \text{ conversion factor}) \times (0.75 \text{ mg/L}) = 2.2 \text{ lb/day tot-N}$$

Point source loading available beyond background loading during low flow:

$$50.5 \text{ lb/day} - 2.2 \text{ lb/day} = 48.3 \text{ lb/day tot-N}$$

Total Maximum Daily Load for median flow is:

$$(1.28 \text{ MGD}^2) \times (8.34 \text{ conversion factor}) \times (10 \text{ mg/L}) = 106.8 \text{ lb/day tot-N}$$

Waste Load Allocation (WLA) from the Sabinal WWTF tot-N loading will be:

$$(0.25 \text{ MGD}) \text{ x } (8.34 \text{ conversion factor}) \text{ x } (20.0 \text{ mg/L}) = 41.7 \text{ lb/day tot-N}$$

AFG is the difference between the low flow LA and the WLA:

$$48.3 - 41.7 = 6.6 \text{ lb/day tot-N}$$

Load Allocation (LA) total from nonpoint sources:

$$\frac{\text{Total TMDL}}{106.8 \text{ lb/day}}$$
 -  $\frac{\text{WLA}}{41.7 \text{ lb/day}}$  -  $\frac{\text{AFG}}{6.6 \text{ lb/day}}$  =  $\frac{\text{LA}}{58.5 \text{ lb/day}}$ 

The final TMDL allocation equation is:

$$\underline{\text{WLA}}$$
 +  $\underline{\text{LA}}_3$  +  $\underline{\text{AFG}}$  =  $\underline{\text{TMDL}}$   
41.7 lb/day 58.5 lb/day 6.6 lb/day 106.8 lb/day tot-Nitrogen

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  total WWTF permitted flow (0.25MGD) plus median annual flow derived from USGS gage (1.03MGD).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> LA = LA base flow background (2.2 lb/day) + LA runoff (56.3 lb/day)

#### Implementation and Reasonable Assurance

It is the policy of the TCEQ to develop plans that describe the regulatory and voluntary activities necessary to achieve the pollutant reductions identified in all TMDLs adopted by the TCEQ (TNRCC 1999, TCEQ 2002) and to assure the plans are implemented.

All TMDL projects undertaken by the TCEQ include two components (phases). These phases are: (a) TMDL Development; and (b) TMDL Implementation. During TMDL development, the TCEQ determines the acceptable pollutant load for impaired water bodies and the acceptable load is apportioned among broad categories of pollutant sources in the watershed. This information is summarized in a TMDL report such as this document.

During TMDL implementation, the TCEQ develops the management strategies needed to restore water quality to an impaired water body. This information is summarized in a TMDL Implementation Report (TMDL IP) which references, but is separate from the TMDL document. The TMDL IP Report details load reduction and other mitigation measures planned to restore water quality in an impaired water body. The TCEQ will recommend to EPA Region 6, to continue monitoring the nitrate-nitrogen levels in the Lower Sabinal River throughout the Sabinal WWTF relocation process. This additional data would be collected to determine attainment of water quality standards.

This approach provides reasonable assurances that the regulatory and voluntary activities necessary to achieve the pollutant reductions identified will be implemented.

#### **Public Participation**

The public and stakeholder participation process in TMDL development is described in detail in the TCEQ general information document titled *Developing Total Maximum Daily Load Projects in Texas: A Guide for Lead Organizations* (GI-250, June, 1999.)

Public notice was published in the *Texas Register* and Sabinal area newspapers stating the dates of the public comment period and the public meeting date, time, and place. The public meeting was held in Sabinal, May 19, 2005 at the Sabinal City Hall. Attendees did not make comment, but after the meeting, time was given to an informal question and answer period. No public comment was submitted during the public comment period.

More information about the public and stakeholder participation process in TMDL development and implementation can be found on the TCEQ's Web site at www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/water/quality/tmdl/tmdl\_guidance.html.

# Response to Public Comment TMDL for Nitrate-Nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River

July 1, 2005

(IMPORTANT: please insert new date at each revision)

This TMDL did not receive any public comments.

# DRAFT Response to EPA Comment One Total Maximum Daily Load for Nitrate-Nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River July 1, 2005

#### I. General Deficiencies

1. The document does not include a discussion of the State's Antidegradation Policy.

The following discussion has been added to the document:

Antidegradation is not one of the elements required for approvable TMDLs under 40 C.F.R. Section 130, or in EPA's 1992 Guidelines for TMDL Approvals. Therefore, it should not be addressed in the "required" category. TCEQ fails to see how or why a TMDL addresses antidegradation. A TMDL is a pollutant budget that prescribes reduction of pollutants needed to *restore* an impaired stream, and arguably one that is already degraded. Antidegradation is a process to protect and *maintain* existing uses and to *maintain* high quality waters at their existing high quality. The TMDL along with the forthcoming implementation plan, will outline the plan to restore the uses. A description of what Tier of the antidegradation policy applies to each waterbody in the TMDL will be included in a description of applicable Water Quality Standard and Numeric Targets.

2. The document does not identify the waterbody's designated uses.

This information has been added that addresses this.

3. The document does not include a discussion of seasonal variation.

A graph showing flow versus nitrate-nitrite nitrogen over time has been added, along with an explanation to address seasonal variation, under the new section titled, Seasonality.

4. The document does not include reasonable assurances.

The following has been added to address reasonable assurances:

EPA Guidance calls for reasonable assurance when TMDL's are developed for waters impaired by both point and non point sources. In such situations, if a point source is given a less stringent wasteload allocation (WLA) based upon an assumption that NPS load reductions will occur, reasonable assurance that the NPS reductions will happen must be explained. In a water impaired solely by non point sources, reasonable assurance that load reductions will be achieved are not required in order for a TMDL to be approvable, although it is strongly encouraged that this be addressed in the implementation plan, per the August 8, 1997 Perciasepe memorandum.

5. The document does not include a discussion of public participation.

A new section titled Public Participation, has been added to address this facet of the project.

#### **II. Additional Comments/Questions**

1. <u>It would be helpful if the document included an executive summary.</u>

This section has been added to the document.

2. <u>Lower Sabinal River (Segment 2110) was listed for nitrate-nitrogen. Why was the TMDL developed for total nitrogen? The document should include an explanation for this approach.</u>

On page 6 under Margin of Safety, it states:

"This TMDL has an implicit MOS in the allocation, due to the fact that total nitrogen (tot-N), not nitrate-nitrogen, was used in calculating the load allocation. Nitrate-nitrogen is a fraction of the components that make up the tot-N value. This conservative calculation further contributes to the MOS."

- 3. The document identifies the following potential sources.
  - 1. City of Sabinal Waste Water Treatment Facility (WWTF).
  - 2. Driskill Feed Lot (Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation-CAFO).
  - 3. Groundwater.

Are data available showing discharges of nitrate-nitrogen from the Driskill Feed Lot and from groundwater?

Currently, TCEQ does not know of any data available that shows concentrations of nitrate-nitrogen in runoff from the Driskill Feed Lot.

Available groundwater data is from a depth below the ground surface that would make it highly unlikely that it would be contributing to flow in the Lower Sabinal River (a depth well below river elevation). Groundwater at a depth that could contribute to flow in the Lower Sabinal River, would have to be in a perched water table at a relatively shallow depth, and there is not any known data available for this possible source.

4. The document should include data and estimates of existing point sources and nonpoint sources loadings, if possible.

The only known existing point sources are the Sabinal WWTF and the Driskill Feed Lot. The Sabinal WWTF has a discharge permit, but is a "no discharge" facility, utilizing evaporation from oxidation ponds. Therefore, effluent concentration data is not available. Also, the Driskill Feed Lot does not have an authorized discharge, except under extreme rainfall conditions, so again, effluent concentration data is not available. George Driskill, the owner of the Driskill Feedlot, stated that they have never had a runoff event from their waste lagoon.

5. Permit requirements for the City of Sabinal WWTF include construction of a flood protection structure and certification of the oxidation pond lining (page 4). It is stated that without the certification, this facility is considered a major source (page 5). It is also stated that the facility is seeking funding to relocate (page 5). What course of

action is the facility taking at this time or in the near future? Is the facility working towards meeting these requirements or is the facility planning to relocate?

In the footnote on page 5, an explanation is given that Sabinal was seeking funding to relocate the WWTF, at the time the document was drafted. It has been updated to state that the city has secured funding through the USDA to relocate the WWTF out of the 500 year flood plain.

6. The Driskill Feed Lot is identified as the only authorized CAFO in the watershed (page 4). Are there other CAFOs or animal feeding operations (AFOs) in this watershed? If so, they should be identified in the document as potential sources, if appropriate.

The Driskill Feed Lot (permit #TXG920610) is the only authorized CAFO in the watershed, operating under the general permit. No other AFOs, including CAFOs, are known to exist in this watershed.

7. The document mentions "recommended reductions" and "phased approach" (page 6). What recommended reductions are being referenced? Also, we recommend that the term "adaptive management approach" be used instead of "phased approach."

The document has been modified to state the following:

"Implementation plans to achieve the recommended loadings may select an adaptive management approach that achieves initial loading allocations from a subset of the source categories. An adaptive management approach would allow for development or refinement of technologies that enhance the effectiveness of certain management measures."

8. The margin of safety (MOS) is implicit and embodied in the endpoint identification (page 5). The document should identify all assumptions used to establish the water quality standard (WQS) for nitrate-nitrogen.

The water quality standard used for nitrate-nitrogen of 10 mg/L was taken from *Texas Surface Water Quality Standard*, TAC 30, Chapter 307. These standards were written to comply with the requirements of the Federal "Safe Drinking Water Act," 42 U.S.C. §300f et. seq., and the Primary Drinking Water Regulations" which have been promulgated by the EPA.

9. Flow values, the U. S. Geological Survey (USGS) station name and number, and the period of record used to calculate the 7Q2 and other flow values should be included in the document or in an appendix.

The USGS station name and number have been added to the document text.

The period of record used to calculate the 7Q2 was 1969 to 1999, using the values reported at the USGS station. This information and values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal WWTF permit renewal in 2002. This information has been added to footnote number 1 in Table 1 on page 6.

10. A load allocation (LA) was calculated (page 8), but there is no calculation of how much of LA is allocated to groundwater. Are there data available to estimate this load?

Prolific aquifers do not contribute to flow into the lower Sabinal River. Groundwater at a depth that could contribute to flow in the Lower Sabinal River, would have to be in a perched water table at a relatively shallow depth, likely contributing insignificant flow, and there is not any known data available for these possible sources.

11. A waste load allocation (WLA) was calculated (page 7), but it only includes the loading from the City of Sabinal WWTF. This implies that the loading from Driskill Feed Lot is zero. However, the document indicates that under wet conditions, storm water runoff is likely, suggesting that the loading is not zero. In addition, what management practices are being implemented to avoid or at least minimize the potential loading from Driskill Feed Lot? How will the permit for this CAFO be consistent with the TMDL?

By evaluating data used to determine the impairment, the segment is impaired during ambient (low flow) conditions, when runoff from the Driskill Feed lot is not occurring. That is the reason the Driskill Feed lot was given a zero load allocation. The Driskill Feedlot has not had an overflow of its waste lagoon, since it began operations. The TMDL Implementation Plan will address controls, if any, for sources contributing to the impaired water.

The Driskill Feed lot must adhere to the guidelines and restrictions of their CAFO permit, which is the Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation General Permit.

12. <u>City of Sabinal WWTF nitrate-nitrogen concentration should be calculated from effluent data collected at the facility (or available discharge monitoring reports).</u>

Typically, there is no discharge from the facility, so sampling is not normally conducted. The values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal's WWTF permit renewal in 2002. Grab samples taken in 1992-1993 were used in the memo to obtain an average concentration.

13. The background nitrate-nitrogen values (page 7) should be calculated from an ambient water quality station, if possible.

The values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal's WWTF permit renewal in 2002.

14. The document should include references and justification for the use of assumed default values used in the TMDL calculations.

The values were obtained from an internal TCEQ memo regarding the City of Sabinal's WWTF permit renewal in 2002.

15. The use of a mass balance approach to calculate the TMDL is a concern. Further discussion is needed.

Awaiting a response from Shawneille Campbell of EPA, to clarify why this is a concern.

16. What is TCEQ's monitoring plan for the future to ensure that the applicable water quality standard is met? The document should include a discussion of the monitoring plan.

In the Endpoint Identification section on pages 2 and 3, it states:

"In accordance with the *Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* [Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 30, Section 307.6(d)(8)], the endpoint of this TMDL will be a running annual average of at least four quarterly samples, compared against the drinking water criterion to determine public water supply use support."

Monitoring will continue in this frequency to assess against the standard. More explanation is given in the Implementation and Reasonable Assurance section.

A public meeting will be held on May 12, 2005, at 7:00 p.m., at the Fort Worth City Hall Building, City Council Chambers, located at 1000 Throckmorton, Fort Worth. Individuals may present oral statements when called upon in order of registration. Open discussion will not occur during the meeting; however, a commission staff member will be available to discuss the matter 30 minutes prior to the meeting and will answer questions before and after the meeting.

Written comments should be submitted to Roger Miranda, TCEQ Water Division, MC 203, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087 or faxed to (512) 239-1414. All comments must be received by 5:00 p.m., May 20, 2005, and should reference Total Maximum Daily Load for PCBs in Fish Tissue in Lake Worth, Tarrant County. For further information regarding the draft TMDL, please contact Roger Miranda at (512) 239-6278 or rmiranda@tceq.state.tx.us. Copies of the draft TMDL document can be obtained via the commission's Web site at http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/water/quality/tmdl, or by calling (512) 239-1627.

Persons with disabilities who have special communication or other accommodation needs who are planning to attend the meeting should contact the commission at (512) 239-4900. Requests should be made as far in advance as possible.

TRD-200501629

Stephanie Bergeron Perdue

Director, Environmental Law Division

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Filed: April 20, 2005

## Notice of Request for Public Comment and Notice of a Public Meeting - Lower Sabinal River

Notice of Request for Public Comment and Notice of a Public Meeting for a Total Maximum Daily Load and Update to the State Water Quality Management Plan

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ or commission) has made available for public comment a draft Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) concerning a nitrate-nitrogen impairment in the Lower Sabinal River in Uvalde, County, Texas. The TCEQ will conduct a public meeting to receive comments on the draft TMDL. This announcement also constitutes notice that the TMDL will become part of the State Water Quality Management Plan upon approval by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Texas is required to develop TMDLs for impaired water bodies under the Federal Clean Water Act, §303(d). A TMDL is a detailed water quality assessment that provides the scientific foundation to allocate pollutant loads in a certain body of water to restore and maintain designated uses.

The TCEQ will conduct a public meeting on the draft TMDL concerning nitrate-nitrogen pollutants in the Lower Sabinal River. The purpose of the public meeting is to provide the public an opportunity to comment on the draft TMDL. The commission requests comment on each of the six major components of the TMDL: problem definition; endpoint identification; source analysis; linkage between sources and receiving waters; margin of safety; and loading allocations. After the public comment period, TCEQ staff may revise the TMDL, if appropriate. The final TMDL will then be considered by the commission for adoption. Upon adoption of the TMDL by the commission, the final TMDL and a response to all comments will be made available on the TCEQ Web site referenced in the following paragraphs. The TMDL will then be submitted to EPA Region 6 for approval as updates to the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan.

A public meeting will be held in Sabinal, Texas, on May 19, 2005, at 7:00 p.m., at the Sabinal City Hall, located at 501 North Center Street, Sabinal. Individuals may present oral statements when called upon in order of registration. Open discussion will not occur during the meeting; however, a commission staff member will be available to discuss the matter 30 minutes prior to the meeting and will answer questions before and after the meeting.

Written comments should be submitted to Ward Ling, TCEQ Water Division, MC 203, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087 or faxed to (512) 239-1414. All comments must be received by 5:00 p.m., May 27, 2005, and should reference One Total Maximum Daily Load for Nitrate-Nitrogen in the Lower Sabinal River. For further information regarding the draft TMDLs, please contact Ward Ling at (512) 239-6238 or eling@tceq.state.tx.us. Copies of the draft TMDL document can be obtained via the commission's Web site at http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/water/quality/tmdl, or by calling at (512) 239-1627.

Persons with disabilities who have special communication or other accommodation needs who are planning to attend the meeting should contact the Commission at (512) 239-4900. Requests should be made as far in advance as possible.

TRD-200501627

Stephanie Bergeron Perdue

Director, Environmental Law Division

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Filed: April 20, 2005

Notice of Updates to the State Superfund Registry

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ or commission) is required under the Texas Solid Waste Disposal Act, Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 361 (the Act) to identify, to the extent feasible, and evaluate facilities that may constitute an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health and safety or to the environment due to a release or threatened release of hazardous substances into the environment. The first identification of these sites was published in the January 16, 1987 issue of the *Texas Register* (12 TexReg 205). In accordance with the Act, §361.181, the commission must update the state Superfund registry annually to add new facilities in accordance with the Act, §361.184(a) and §361.188(a)(1) (see also 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §335.343) or to delete facilities in accordance with the Act, §361.189 (see also 30 TAC §335.344). The current notice also includes facilities where state Superfund action has ended or where cleanup is being adequately addressed by other means.

In accordance with the Act, §361.188, the state Superfund registry identifying those facilities that are listed and have been determined to pose an imminent and substantial endangerment in descending order of hazard ranking system (HRS) scores are as follows.

- 1. Col-Tex Refinery. Located on both sides of Business Interstate 20 (U.S. 80) in Colorado City, Mitchell County: tank farm and refinery.
- 2. J.C. Pennco Waste Oil Service. Located at 4927 Higdon Road, San Antonio, Bexar County: waste oil and used drum recycling.
- 3. Precision Machine and Supply. Located at 500 West Olive Street, Odessa, Ector County: chrome plating and machine shop.
- Sonics International, Inc. Located north of Farm Road 101, approximately two miles west of Ranger, Eastland County: industrial waste injection wells.

#### Page 10A. The Hondo Anvil Herald, Thursday, April 21, 2005

NOTICE OF SCHOOL BOARD ELECTION (AVISO DE ELECCION SCHOOL BOARD)

To the Registered Voters of D'Hanis. Texas: (A los votantes registrados del

Texas: (A los votantes registrados del D'Hanis, Texas:)
Notice is hereby given tinat the polining places listed below will be open from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. on May, 7 2005, for voting in a Boart of Trustee election, to elect trustees or Districts 2 and 5. (Notifiquese, por las presente, que las castillas electoriales sitados abajo se abrirda desde las 7:00 a.m. hasta las 6:00 p.m. el 7 de Mayo de 2005 para votar en la Elección para los oficiales de la para los distritos 2 and 5.

LOCATION(S) OF POLLING PLACES (DIRECCION (ES) DE LAS CASILLAS ELECTORALES)
Roy Kile Gymnasium

CASILLAS ELECTORALES)
Roy Kile Gymnasium
Early volting by personal appearance will be conduct each vieekday at
(La votación en adeiantade en persona se lievard a cabo de tunes a
viernes en) D'Hanis I.S.D. Principal's
Ciffice between the hours of 6:00 a.m.
and 4:00 pm. beginning on April, 20
2005 (entre las 8:00 de la mañana y
las 4:00 de la tarde empedando el 20
de abril de 2005, and ending on May
3, 2005, (May 2, 2005, 8:00 - 11:00).
Applications for ballot by mail shati
be mailed to: (Las solici Judes para
boletas que se votarnáen el sencia por
correo deberán enviarse 4;)
Beth Shipmen
D'Hanis, I.S.D., P.O. Box 307
D'Hanis, T.X 78850 (
Applications for ballots by mail must
be received no later than the close of
business on April 29, 2015. (Las soicitudes para boletas que se votarán
en ausencia por correo deberda
nausencia por correo deberda
necotirse para el fin de las horas de
negocio el 29 de Abril, 2005.)
Issued this the 21 day of March,
2005 (Emitada este día 21 de Marzo,

John E. Rothe Signature of Presiding Officer (Pirma del Official que Preside) Pub: April 14, 21, 2005

## NOTICE OF TRUSTEE ELECTION (AVISO DE ELECCIÓN DE SINDICOS)

The Board of Trustees of the Hondo Independent School District has ordered an election and hereby gives notice to the registered voters of the Hondo Independent School District of such election to one member to fill the position of Single-Member Trustee District 4, Precinct 4, full term. The election will be held on May 7, 2005. Polling places will be open from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.
The polling places for District 4, Precinct 4 shall be the McDowell Middle School Catesteria in Hondo, Fexas. All polling places are located in the Hondo Independent School District.
Early voting by personal appearance will be conducted each weekday at the Hondo I.S.D. Superintendent's office, 2604 Ave. E., Hondo Texas between the hours of 3:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.mcbeginning on April 20, 2005, and endify on May 3, 2006.
Applications for ballot by mail shall be mailed to: Courtenay Keilman, Early Voting Cierk, PO Box 308, Hondo, TX 78881.
Applications for ballot by mail must be received no later than the close of business on April 29, 2005.

business on April 29, 2005.

La mesa directiva del distrito esco-La mesa directiva del distrito esco-lar independiente de Hondo ha ordenado una elección y por el presente de anuncio a los votantes registrados del distrito escolar independiente de Hondo de tal elección para eligir un miembro para llenar la posición de sindico-miembro sencillo, distrito a como con-

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR PUBLIC COMMENT AND NOTICE OF A PUBLIC MEETING FOR A TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD AND UPDATE TO THE STATE WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN

DATE TO THE STATE WATER GUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN
The Texas Commission or Environmental Quality (TCEQ or Commission) has most available for public commental draft Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDLs) concerning a nitrate-nitrogen impairment in the Lower Sabinal River in Uvalde, County, Texas. The TCEQ will conduct a public meeting to receive comments on the draft TMDL. This announcement also constitutes notice that the TMDL will become part of the State Water Quality Management Plan upon approval by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Texas is required to develop TMDLs for impaired water bodies under Section 303(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act. A TMDL is a detailed water quality assessment that provides the scientific foundation to allocate pollutant loads in a certain body of water to restore and maintain designated uses.

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A public meeting will be held in Sabinal, Texas, on May 19, 2006, at 7:00 p.m., at the Sabinal City Hell, 501 North Center Street, Individuals may present oral statements when

7:00 p.m. at the Sabinal City Hall. 501 North Center Street. Individuals may present oral statements when called upon in order of registration. Open discussion will not occur during the meeting; however, a Commission staff member will be available to discuss the matter 30 minutes prior to the meeting and will answer questions before and after the meeting.

Written comments should be submitted to Ward Ling, TCEQ Water Division, MC 203. P.O. Box 13087, Austinum Comments and the state of the state

(512) 239-1627.
Persons with disabilities who have special communication or other accommodation needs who are planning to attend the meeting should contact the Commission at (512) 238-4900. Requests should be made as far in advance as possible.
Pub. April 21, 2005

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
OF PROPOSED TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION (TXDOT) CONTRACTS

Sealed proposals for contracts listed below will be received by TxDOT until the date(s) shown below, and then publicly read.

CONSTRUCTION/MAINTENANCE/ BUILDING FACILITIES CONTRACT(S)

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS
NEW AGRISULTURAL CENTER
HONDO INCEPENDENT SCHOOL
DISTRICT, HANDO, TEXAS
The Hondo Independent School
District propose to construct a new
13,000 SF Agricultural Center. The
Project is to include a new 64-0° x 640° Show Barn art 64-0° x 1460° Animal Holding Area. Construction work
to include, the purchase and erection
of metal Dutling components for the

or Show barn and 64-7. X 14c/0°-Annual Holding Area. Construction work to include, the purchase and exection of metal building components for the Show Barn and Animal Holding Area. Plumbing and Electrical rough-infoundation, and Electrical Research Research and Electrical Research Rese

AGC Plan Room 10806 Gulfdale San Antonio, Texas 78216 (210) 349-4921 Fax (210) 342-4017

AGC Plan Room 609 South Lamer Austin, Texas 78704 (512) 442-7887 Fax (512) 442-35#3

Dodge Reports 404 E. Ramsey, #108 San Antonio, Texas 78216 (210) 344-0158 (210) 344-0158 Fax (210) 342-302

Dodge Reports 505 E. Huntland Dr. #310 Austin, Texas 78752 (512) 458-1341 Fax (512) 467-2806

Builder Exchange 4047 Naco-Perrin San Antonio, Texas 78217 (210) 564-6900 Fax (210) 564-6921

ABC Plan Room ABC Plan Hoom 3008 Longhorn Blvd., Suite 104 Austin, Tekas 78758 (512)719-5263 Fax (512) 719-3278 Pub: Apr 21, 28, 2005

BID NOTICE fina County is accepting sealed bids for the purchase of crushed base

Prospective bidders may pick up bid packets at the County judge's Of-fice at 1100 16th Street, Hondo or by calling (830) 741-6020.

Bids will be accepted at the same above address until 10:00 a.m., Fri-day May 6, 2005 at which time they

will be publicly opened and read.

Medina County reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids

Jannifer Adlong Administrative Assistant Pub: April 21, 28, 2005

NOTICE OF F

#### Too Late To Classify

DAYCAHE Babysitter w/ references, Monday - Friday (days), Hondo area, no weekends. Call for more info. 830-931-5076. 04-

FOR SALE - 2003 Toyota Tacoma pickup, 4x4, 8,000 miles, exc. cond., \$15,200, firm, 2002 Ford Explorer XLT, loaded, 51,000 miles, ext. warranty, \$16,000 or take over payments. Contact 830-931-5260.

HEDGE AND TREE TRIM-MING - Flower bed, landscaping. 93 Yamaha motorcycle like new. Must see to believe, 830-741-8019 or 830-444-9765, 4-21-1tp

NOTICE OF JOB OPENING The Hondo Independent School District is accepting applications for the position of Intermediate School Principal. Applicants must be certified holding Texas mid-management or Principal certification; ability to resolve conflict, listen to and appropri-ately respond to concerns in a timely manner. Administrative experience required.

Applicants will need to complete an application and submit it to the Hondo Independent School District, P.O. Box 308, Hondo, Texas 78861, Attention: Clyde H. Parsons, Superintendent. Deadline: Until filled Applications are available by

calling the Central Administra-tive Office at 830-426-3027. Posted: April 19 04-21-3tc

YARD SALE - Saturday, April 23, 8 am - 3 pm, 284 CR 4637, Hondo, Women's clothes, purses, shoes, misc. kitchen items, blankets, camouflage pants, shirts, caps, etc. 4-21-1tp



### **CCSCT** is requesting donations

Community Council of South Central Texas, Inc. (CCSCT) is requesting donations from the community to purchase box fans. Donations of new box fans will also be accepted at a

PUBLIC NOTICE Community Council of Southwest Texas, Inc. Early Head Start and ECI Home Spun Implements Special Quest Program. Community Council of Southwest Texas, Inc. Early Head Start and Early Childhood Intervention. Home Spun are participating in the special Quest Program. The goal of the program is to improve services for infants and toddiers with disabilities and their families thru collaboration with early intervention and other community partners. This goal is supported by a continuous improvement and engage in a planning process to create sustainable change. This program is based on the belief that the most effective way to work with young children with disabilities is to help them grow and learn and be all that they can be in an inclusive environment. The Special Quest team consist of Norma Villarreal and Nina Limones Early Head Start/Head Start Program Directors; Mandy Lopez, Disabilities Coordinator; Therese Peters, Transition Coordinator: Janie Alaniz, Parent; Mario O. Viliarreal, Teacher; and Kirby Fowler, ECI Home Spun.

The teams vision for the next four year is "Mano-A-Mano", Building skills to communicate and set goals for the child, family and community partners. Empowering our families and community to work together as advocates. Anyone interested can contact the Head Start Program at 278-4180.

NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR PUBLIC COMMENT AND NOTICE OF A PUBLIC MEETING FOR A TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD AND UPDATE TO THE STATE WATER QUALITY

MANAGEMENT PLAN The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ or Commission) has made available for public comment a draft Total Maximum Dally Load (TMDLs) concerning a nitrate-nitrogen impairment in the Lower Sabinal River in Uvalde, County, Texas The TCEQ will trate-nitrogen poliutants in the Lower Sabinal River. The purpose of the public meeting is to provide the public an opportunity to comment on the draft TMDL. The Commission requests comment on each of the six major components of the TMDL: problem definition, endpoint identification, source analysis, linkage between sources and receiving waters, margin of safety, and loading allocations. After the public comment period, TCEQ staff may revise the TMDL, if appropriate. The final TMDL will then be considered by the Commission for adoption Upon adoption of the TMDL by the Commission, the final TMDL and a response to all comments will be made available on the TCEQ web site referenced below. The TMDL will then be submitted to EPA Region 6 for approval as updates to the State of Texas Water Quality Management

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who have special commu-

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATE OF IDAHO, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY

OF CANYON Case No. CV0108026 **SUMMONS** 

In the Matter of: REBECCA ALONSO JEBSICA ALONSO BLAS ALONSO Children Under the Age of Eightean Years TO: BLAS MARTINEZ ALONSO 1511 Hood Street Lot 8

Uvalde Texas PETITION NOTICE: PURSUANT TO THE TERMINATION OF PA-RENT AND CHILD RELA-TIONSHIP ACT HAS BEEN FILED AGAINST YOU YOU MUST AF-PEAR AT THE DATE BELOW OR THE COURT MAY TERMINATE YOUR PARENTAL RIGHTS BY DEFAULT, THE COURT MAY ENTER JUDGE-MENT AGAINST YOU WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE UNLESS YOU RESPOND WITHIN 20 DAYS READ THE IN-

FORMATION BELOW.

You are hereby notified that a Petition to terminate your parental rights to Rebecca, Jessica and Blas Alonso has been filed in the above-entitled matter in the Magistrate Court, Canyon County, State of Idaho, by the Petitioner and you are hereby directed to appear at a Termination Hearing at the Canyon Courthouse, County located at 12th and Streets. Albany Caldwell, Canyon County, Idaho, on May 3, 2005 at 11:00 m.m. in front of the Honorable Judge Thomas J. Ryan. You have the right to be represented by counsel of your choosing or upon good cause shown, the Court may appoint counsel to act in your behalf. If you wish to have pounsel appointed at County expense, you must appear before the Court, at the address given above, at least two (2) days, excluding weekends and holldays, before the date of the hearing given above at which time the Court shall inquire as to whether you are a needy person requiring appointment of counsel.

You are notified that if you fall to appear at the

An appropriate written response requires compilance with Rule 10(a)(1) and other idaho Rules of

1. The title and number of

this case.

also include:

2. If your response is an Answer to the Petition, it must contain admissions or denials of the separate allegations of the Petition and other defenses you may claim.

3. Your signature, mailing address and telephone number, or signature, mailing address and telephone number of your aitamev.

4. Proof of mailing or delivery of a copy of your response to Petitioner's attorney, as designated above.

To determine whether you must pay for filing fee with your response, contact the Clerk of the abovenamed Court.
WITNESS MY HAND

AND SEAL of said Magistrate Court this 16 day of March, 2005.

G NOEL HALES CLERK CLERK OF THE COURT C. ROBINSON

DEPUTY CLERK

NOTICE STATE OF TEXAS **COUNTY OF REAL** NOTICE is hereby given that an application for license/permit to sell Wine & Beer at retall in a premise not heretofore IIcensed is pending in County Court. Anyone wishing to protest the issuance of a license/ permit for this premise - should contact the County Judge's office at (830) 232-5304 before April 29, 2005. The substance of said application is as follows:

1. Type of license or permit: Beer & Wine, On-Premises 2. Exact location of business: Hwy 83 & 337

3. Name of owners: Kate Ross & Juan

K Civil Procedure and shall

Subinal cont ->

and their families thru coilaboration with early intervention and other community partners. This goal is supported by a continuous improvement and engage in a planning process to create sustainable change. This program is based on the belief that the most effective way to work with young children with disabilities is to help them grow and learn and be all that they can be in an inclusive environment.

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# **VISIT OUR WEB SITE** AT:

www.uvaideleader

1511 Hood Street Lot 8 Uvalde Texas NOTICE: PURSUANT TO THE TERMINATION OF PA-RENT AND CHILD RELA-TIONSHIP ACT HAS BEEN FILED AGAINST YOU YOU MUST AP-PEAR AT THE DATE AND TIME SPECIFIED BELOW OR THE COURT MAY TERMINATE YOUR PARENTAL RIGHTS BY DEFAULT, THE COURT MAY ENTER JUDGE-MENT AGAINST YOU WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE UNLESS YOU RESPOND WITHIN 20 DAYS READ THE IN-

FORMATION BELOW.

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You are notified that if you fail to appear at the date and time indicated above the court may terminate your parental rights by default.

ou are hereby notified hat in order to defend this lawauit, en appropriate written response must be filed with the above designated court within 20 days after service of this Summons on you. If you fail to so respond the Court may enter judgment against you as demanded by the Petitioner in the Petition.

A copy of the Petition is served with this Summons, if you wish to seek the advice of or representation by an attorney in this matter, you should do

J. IVUS SIMPRICULES HISSINGS address and telephone number, or signature, mailing address and telephone number of your attarnev.

4. Proof of mailing or deery of a copy of your response to Petitioner's attorney, as , designated above.

To determine whether you must pay for filing fee with your response, contact the Clerk of the abovenamed Court.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL of said Megistrate Court this 16 day of March, 2005.

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NOTICE STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF REAL NOTICE is hereby given that an appilfor cation ||cense/permit to seil Wine & Beer at retail in a premise not heretofore IIcensed is pending County Court. Anyone wishing to protest the issuance of a license/ permit for this premise should contact the County Judge's office at (830) 232-5304 before April 29, 2005. The substance of said application is as follows:

- 1. Type of license or permit: Beer & Wine, On-Premises 2. Exact location of business: Hwy 83 & 337
- Name of owners: Kate Ross & Juan Chavez

Or

Assumed: trade name: Canyon Lodge Any person shall permitted to contest the facts stated in said appilcation and the applicant's right to secure said license or permit upon giving security costs as provided by law.

BELLA A. RUBIO County Clerk. Real County, Texas

Closelflade